Observations on the moment problem and controllability for the Gurtin-Pipkin equation

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Gurtin-Pipkin equation has been introduced to take into account memory effect in heat processes. It is the equation

$$\theta'(t) = \int_0^t N(t-s)\theta(s) \,\mathrm{d}s \qquad (\mathbf{G} - \mathbf{P})$$

where $\theta = \theta(t, x)$, where t > 0 and $x \in \Omega$, a suitable region of \mathbb{R}^n .

When supplied with an initial condition $\theta(0) = \xi$ and suitable boundary conditions, this equation identifies a well posed problem.

When a control acts on Equation **G-P**, either distributed or boundary control, we can put a control problem, i.e. we can ask to hit a prescribed target in a given time T. This problem has been studied by several authors. The proofs on these papers, based on inverse inequalities and Carleman estimates (see [1, 2]) or compactness arguments (see [3]) are not constructive. This fact, and the fact that when N(t) = 1 Eq. (**G-P**) is an integrated form of the wave equation, suggest that we consider the special case $\Omega = (0, \pi)$ and we try a constructive approach to the controllability problem in the case the control acts on the boundary,

$$\theta(t,0) = u(t), \qquad \theta(t,\pi) = 0.$$

We shall present several observation on the applicability of the moment problem to the solution of this control problem.

References

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