

## Equazioni differenziali lineari del secondo ordine a coefficienti costanti

Determinare l'integrale generale delle seguenti equazioni differenziali lineari del secondo ordine a coefficienti costanti, o risolvere il relativo problema di Cauchy.

### Equazioni omogenee

$$(a) \quad y'' + y' + y = 0; \quad \left[ \left\{ t \mapsto e^{-\frac{t}{2}} \left( c_1 \cos \frac{\sqrt{3}t}{2} + c_2 \sin \frac{\sqrt{3}t}{2} \right) \mid c_1, c_2 \in \mathbb{R} \right\} \right]$$

$$(b) \quad y'' = -\sqrt{2}y'; \quad \left[ \left\{ t \mapsto c_1 + c_2 e^{-\sqrt{2}t} \mid c_1, c_2 \in \mathbb{R} \right\} \right]$$

$$(c) \quad y'' - \frac{y'}{2} + \frac{y}{16} = 0; \quad \left[ \left\{ t \mapsto (c_1 + c_2 t) e^{\frac{t}{4}} \mid c_1, c_2 \in \mathbb{R} \right\} \right]$$

$$(d) \quad \begin{cases} y'' - y' = 2y, \\ y(0) = 0, \\ y'(0) = 3; \end{cases} \quad [y(t) = e^{2t} - e^{-t}]$$

$$(e) \quad \begin{cases} y'' = 6y' - 10y, \\ y(0) = 1, \\ y'(0) = 0; \end{cases} \quad [y(t) = e^{3t}(\cos t - 3 \sin t)]$$

$$(f) \quad \begin{cases} 25y = 10y' - y'', \\ y(0) = 0, \\ y'(0) = 1. \end{cases} \quad [y(t) = te^{5t}]$$

### Equazioni complete

$$(a) \quad y'' - y = \cos t; \quad \left[ \left\{ t \mapsto c_1 e^{-t} + c_2 e^t - \frac{1}{2} \cos t \mid c_1, c_2 \in \mathbb{R} \right\} \right]$$

$$(b) \quad y'' + y = te^{-t}; \quad \left[ \left\{ t \mapsto c_1 \cos t + c_2 \sin t + \frac{1}{2}(t+1)e^{-t} \mid c_1, c_2 \in \mathbb{R} \right\} \right]$$

$$(c) \quad y'' - 2y' + y = t^2 - 6; \quad \left[ \left\{ t \mapsto e^t(c_1 + c_2 t) + t^2 + 4t \mid c_1, c_2 \in \mathbb{R} \right\} \right]$$

$$(d) \quad y'' - 2y' - 3y = 8e^{3t}; \quad \left[ \left\{ t \mapsto c_1 e^{-t} + c_2 e^{3t} + 2te^{3t} \mid c_1, c_2 \in \mathbb{R} \right\} \right]$$

$$(e) \begin{cases} y'' + 4y = t, \\ y(0) = 1, \\ y'(0) = 0; \end{cases} \quad \left[ y(t) = \cos(2t) - \frac{1}{8} \sin(2t) + \frac{t}{4} \right]$$

$$(f) \begin{cases} y'' = -9y + (39t - 12) e^{-2t}, \\ y(1) = 3e^{-2}, \\ y'(1) = -3e^{-2}; \end{cases} \quad [y(t) = 3te^{-2t}]$$

$$(g) \begin{cases} y'' - 2y' - 5 = 0, \\ y(2) = y'(2) = -\frac{5}{2}; \end{cases} \quad \left[ y(t) = \frac{5}{2}(1 - t) \right]$$

$$(h) \begin{cases} y'' = y' + 2y + 2 \sin t, \\ y(0) = \frac{2}{5}, \\ y'(0) = -\frac{1}{5}. \end{cases} \quad \left[ y(t) = \frac{1}{5} (e^{2t} + \cos t - 3 \sin t) \right]$$