

Limiti di successioni

Calcolare $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} a_n$, ove a_n è definito come segue:

$$1. \quad a_n = \frac{(n - 2n^2 + 1)(2n^3 + 3)}{2n^3 + n^2 + n^4 + 1}; \quad [-\infty]$$

$$2. \quad a_n = \frac{7n^2 - n + 2}{\sqrt{4n^4 + 6n - 5}}; \quad \left[\frac{7}{2} \right]$$

$$3. \quad a_n = \frac{\sqrt{n+1}}{\sqrt{n^2+n+1} - \sqrt{n}}; \quad [0]$$

$$4. \quad a_n = \frac{\sqrt{n^2+1} + \sqrt{n}}{\sqrt[4]{n^3+n} - \sqrt{n}}; \quad [+∞]$$

$$5. \quad a_n = \frac{(\sqrt{n^3+1} - \sqrt[3]{n^2+3})(n^2+1)}{n^3+3}; \quad [+∞]$$

$$6. \quad a_n = \frac{n(n+1)^{-\frac{1}{2}} + \sqrt[3]{n+2}}{\sqrt{n^2+n+1} + 1}; \quad [0]$$

$$7. \quad a_n = \sqrt[3]{n+1} - \sqrt[3]{n}; \quad [0]$$

$$8. \quad a_n = \sqrt[4]{n^3+1} (\sqrt[3]{n^2+1} - \sqrt[3]{n^2+3}); \quad [0]$$

$$9. \quad a_n = \frac{\sqrt{n+1} - \sqrt{n}}{\sqrt[3]{n+1} - \sqrt[3]{n}}; \quad [+∞]$$

$$10. \quad a_n = \frac{\sqrt{2n+1} - \sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{2n+1} + \sqrt{n}}; \quad [3 - 2\sqrt{2}]$$

$$11. \quad a_n = \frac{\sqrt{n+1} - \sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n+1} + \sqrt{n}}; \quad [0]$$

$$12. \quad a_n = (\sqrt{n+1} - \sqrt{n+7})(8\sqrt{n} + 1); \quad [-24]$$

$$13. \quad a_n = \ln n - 3\sqrt{n}; \quad [-\infty]$$

$$14. \quad a_n = \frac{2^n + \ln^3 n + 2}{n^3 + e^n + 2}; \quad [0]$$

$$15. \quad a_n = \frac{(-1)^n \sqrt{n} + 2n}{n^{-3} + \ln n - n}; \quad [-2]$$

16. $a_n = \frac{e^{-n} \cos n + 2n^2}{n^3 + \ln n};$ [0]
17. $a_n = \frac{n 2^{-n} + n}{3n + \sqrt[3]{n}};$ $\left[\frac{1}{3}\right]$
18. $a_n = \frac{7n^4 + (-1)^n}{\sqrt{n} + n^4 - 1};$ [7]
19. $a_n = \frac{4 \ln n - \sqrt{n}}{\sqrt[3]{n} + 7};$ $[-\infty]$
20. $a_n = \frac{-n^5 + 4n + 2^{-\frac{n^2}{2}}}{2n^{-5} + (\log_5 n)^{\frac{1}{2}} + (-3)^{-n}};$ $[-\infty]$
21. $a_n = \frac{e^{3n}}{\sqrt{e^n} - \sqrt{e^n + e^{7n}}};$ [0]
22. $a_n = \frac{2^n + n^3 + (n+2)!}{4^n + (6n^2 + 5n + 1)n!};$ $\left[\frac{1}{6}\right]$
23. $a_n = \frac{e^{-n} + (n-1)! - 5^n + n^2}{e^{3n} - (5n^2 - 1)n! + n};$ [0]
24. $a_n = \frac{(n-1)! - 2^{-n} + e^{2n}}{(5n^3 + n - 4)(n+2)! + 4^{-n} + 1};$ [0]
25. $a_n = \frac{5(n+3)! + (5n+1)^2(n+2)! + 5^n}{(n+4)! - 5^n + n^2};$ [25]
26. $a_n = \frac{n5^{n+11} - 5^{11}n^{n-4} + n^{16}}{n^{n-4} + 16^n + 11n^{16}};$ $[-5^{11}]$
27. $a_n = \frac{n^3(e^n + 7(n+5)!) }{7^n + n^9 + 9n^5(n+3)!};$ $\left[\frac{7}{9}\right]$
28. $a_n = \frac{2^{n+2} + 3^{\frac{n}{2}}}{2^n + 3^{\frac{n+2}{2}}};$ [4]
29. $a_n = \frac{(n+1)! + n^4 - 3^{n+1}n!}{3^n n! + 4^n};$ $[-3]$
30. $a_n = \frac{n^n + \ln n + 6n! - e^{n+5}}{-e^n + 5n^n + 5n! + n^8};$ $\left[\frac{1}{5}\right]$

31. $a_n = \frac{n!(n^n - 5n^2 + 1) + 3^n}{9^n + (pn)! - 5n^3}, \quad p \in \mathbb{N}^*;$
- $\begin{cases} 0, & \text{se } p \geq 2 \\ +\infty, & \text{se } p = 1 \end{cases}$
32. $a_n = \frac{n^p - e^{pn} + (n+p)^n}{q^n + (n+q)!}, \quad p, q \in \mathbb{N};$
- $[+\infty]$
33. $a_n = \frac{((pn)^n + 3^n)(n^{-1} + \ln n + n!) - e^{-n}}{n + (qn)! - ((q-1)n)!}, \quad p, q \in \mathbb{N}^*.$
- $\begin{cases} 0, & \text{se } q > 2, \forall p \in \mathbb{N}^* \\ q = 2, p = 1; \\ +\infty, & \text{se } q = 1, \forall p \in \mathbb{N}^* \\ q = 2, \forall p \geq 2 \end{cases}$