

$$X_0^2 - X_1^2 = 0 \quad \sigma = (1, 1)$$
$$(X_0 + X_1)(X_0 - X_1) = 0$$

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$$X_0^2 = 0 \quad \sigma = (1, 0) \circ (0, 1)$$

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$$X_0^2 + X_1^2 - X_2^2 = 0$$

$$4x^2 + 9y^2 + 12xy + 4x + 6y + 1 = 0$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 & 6 \\ 3 & 6 & 9 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{rang} = 1$$

$$x^2 - 2xy - 3y^2 - 2x + 6y = 0$$

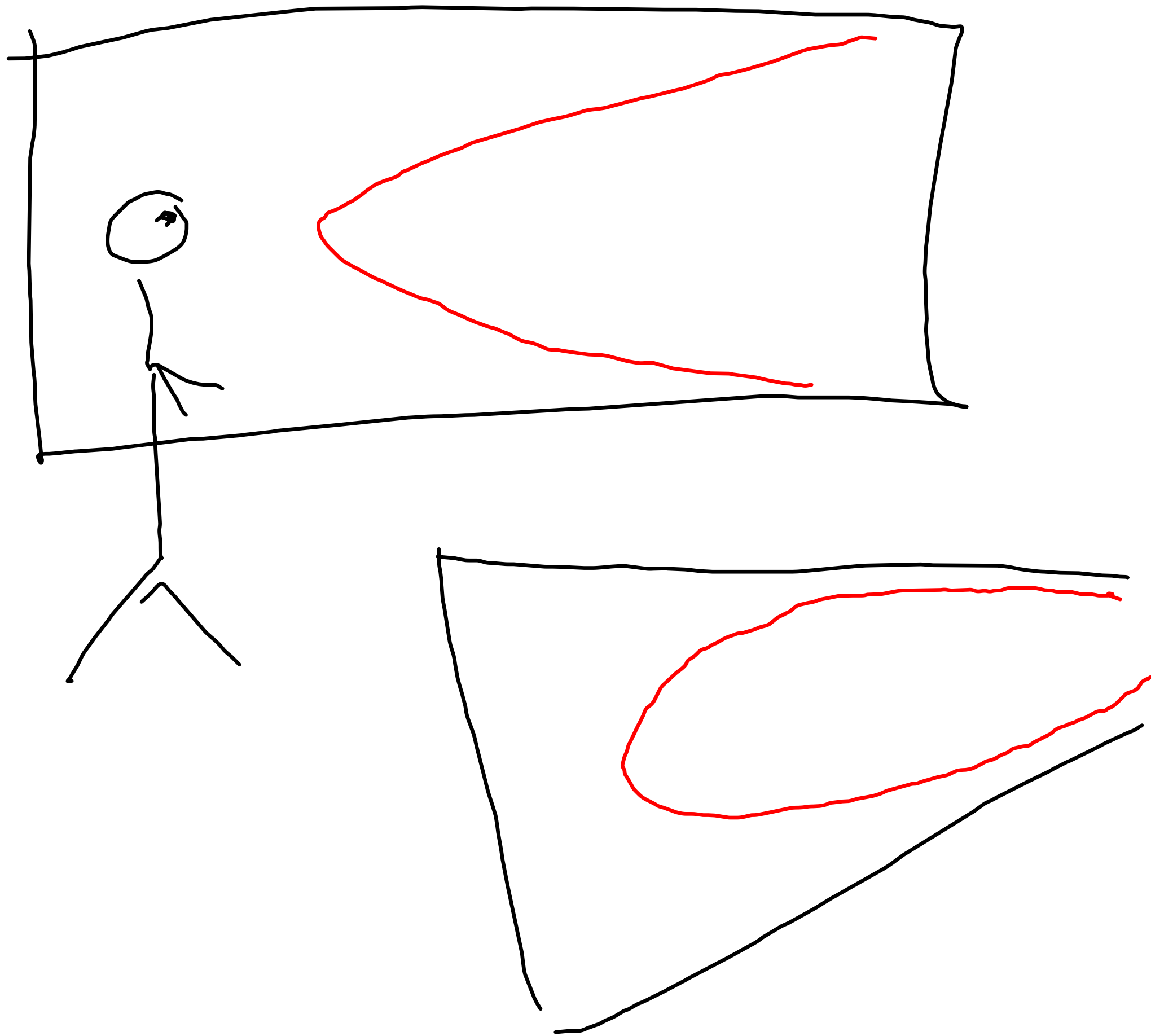
$$|A| = 0 \quad \text{deg.}$$

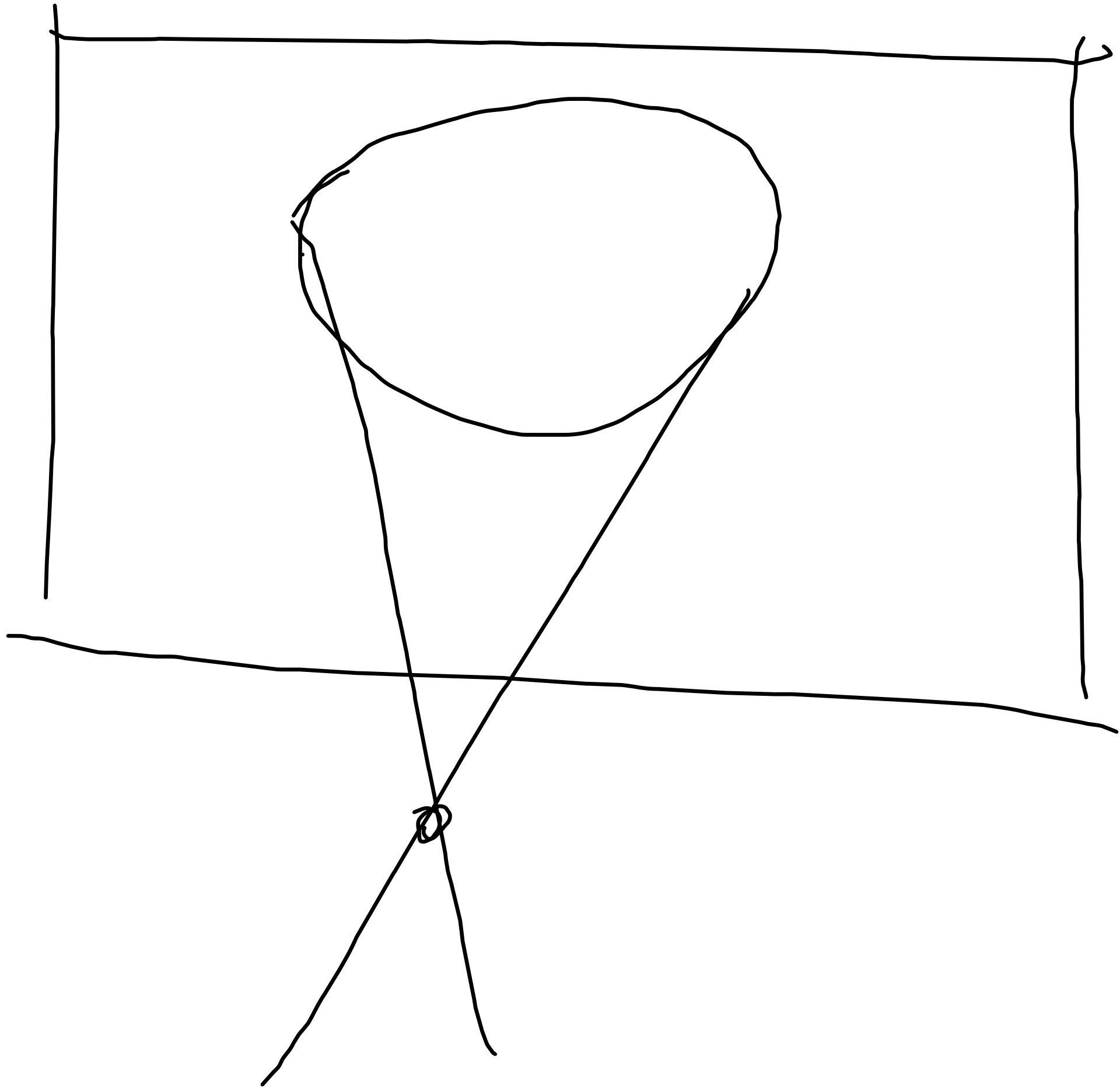
pol. chr.

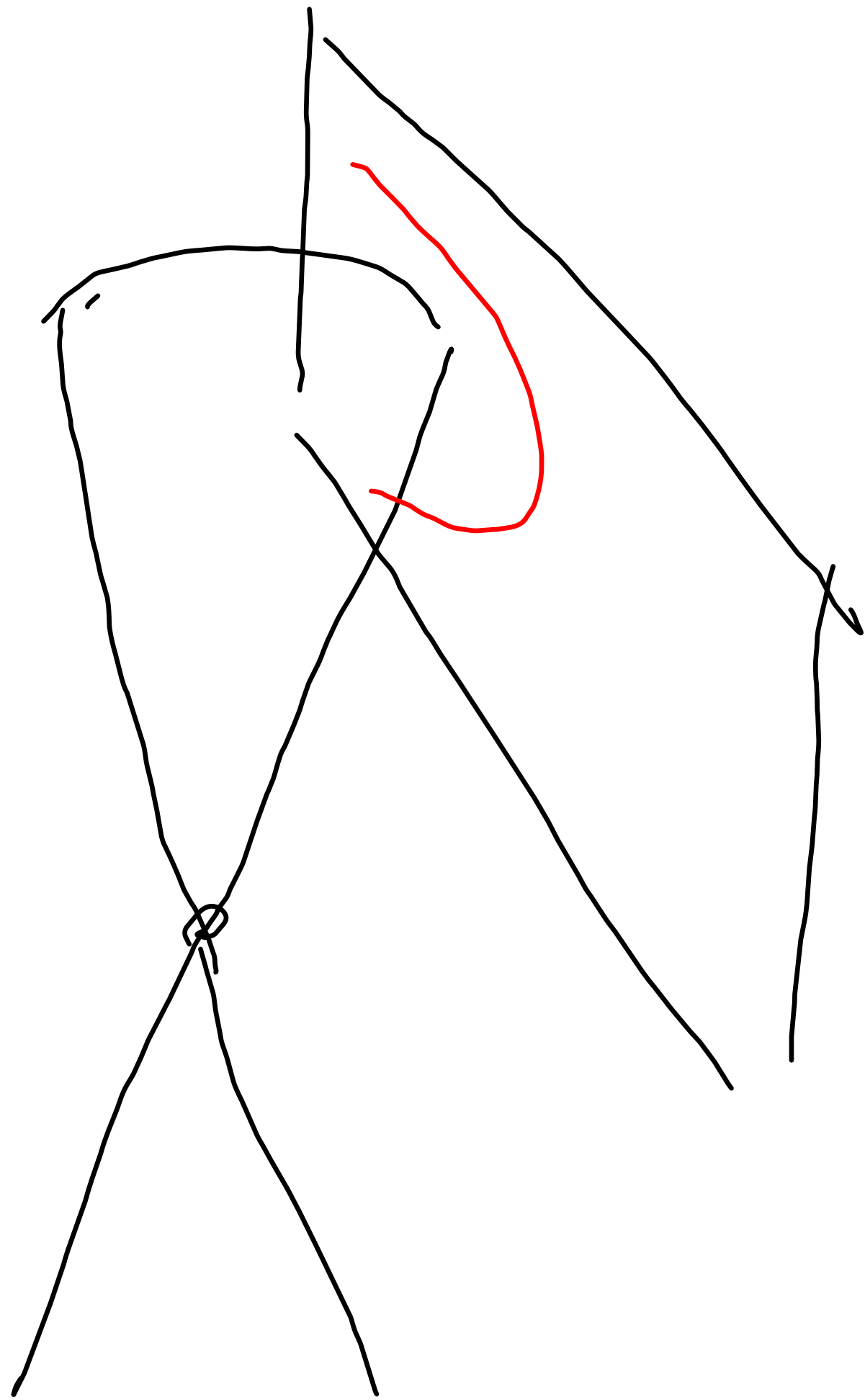
$$\lambda^3 + 2\lambda^2 - 14\lambda = \lambda(\lambda^2 + 2\lambda - 14)$$

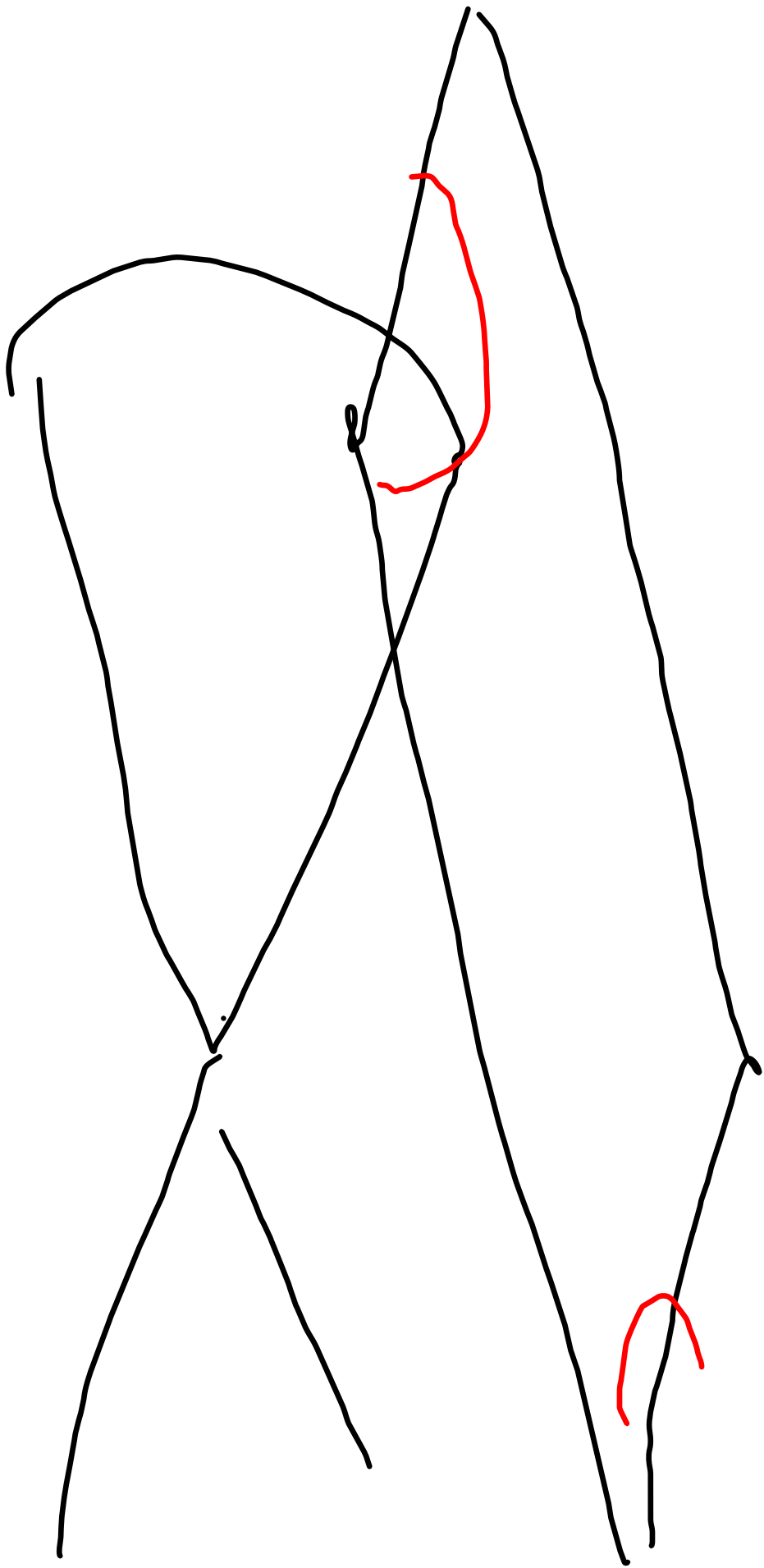
$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 & 3 \\ -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 3 & -1 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$v = (1, 1)$$









Affinità: Trasformazione dello spazio affine del tipo:

regolare

$$\begin{pmatrix} y_1 \\ \vdots \\ y_n \end{pmatrix} = A \cdot \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ \vdots \\ x_n \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} b_1 \\ \vdots \\ b_n \end{pmatrix}$$

$\det A \neq 0$

$n=2$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} y_1 = a_{11}^1 x_1 + a_{12}^1 x_2 + b_1 \\ y_2 = a_{11}^2 x_1 + a_{12}^2 x_2 + b_2 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_1 &= \frac{X_1}{X_0} \\
 y_2 &= \frac{X_2}{X_0} \\
 x_1 &= \frac{X_1}{X_0} \\
 x_2 &= \frac{X_2}{X_0}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_1 &= a_1^1 x_1 + a_2^1 x_2 + b_1 \\
 y_2 &= a_1^2 x_1 + a_2^2 x_2 + b_2
 \end{aligned}
 \quad \text{or } X_0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y_0 &= X_0 \\
 y_1 &= b_1 X_0 + a_1^1 X_1 + a_2^1 X_2 \\
 y_2 &= b_2 X_0 + a_2^1 X_1 + a_2^2 X_2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} y_0 \\ y_1 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ b_1 & a_1^1 & a_2^1 \\ b_2 & a_2^1 & a_2^2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} X_0 \\ X_1 \\ X_2 \end{pmatrix}$$



# Classificazione proiettiva delle iperquadriche di $\mathbb{P}^1(\mathbb{R})$

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$$\sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \circ \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad I_m: X_0^2 = 0 \quad \text{Un punto} \\ \text{("contatto 2 volte")} \\ \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad W: \left. \begin{array}{l} X_0 = 0 \\ 0 = 0 \end{array} \right\} \text{lo stesso punto}$$

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$$\sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \circ \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad I_m: X_0^2 + X_1^2 = 0 \quad \emptyset \\ \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad W: \left. \begin{array}{l} X_0 = 0 \\ X_1 = 0 \end{array} \right\} \emptyset$$

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$$\sigma = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad I_m: X_0^2 - X_1^2 = 0 \quad \text{Due punti} \\ \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \quad W: \left. \begin{array}{l} X_0 = 0 \\ -X_1 = 0 \end{array} \right\} \emptyset \\ (X_0 + X_1)(X_0 - X_1) = 0$$

Conica generica:

$$a_0^0 X_0^2 + 2a_1^0 X_0 X_1 + 2a_2^0 X_0 X_2 + a_1^1 X_1^2 + 2a_2^1 X_1 X_2 + a_2^2 X_2^2 = 0$$

rappresenta l'iperquadrica

$\cap$  con  $M_{00}$

retta  
impropria  
del piano

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} a_0^0 & a_1^0 & a_2^0 \\ a_1^0 & a_1^1 & a_2^1 \\ a_2^0 & a_2^1 & a_2^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$a_2^1 = \begin{pmatrix} a_1^1 & a_2^1 \\ a_2^1 & a_2^2 \end{pmatrix} = M_{00}$$

$$A_{00} = A_0 = |M_{00}| = |M_{00}|$$

$$= 0 \iff$$

$$> 0 \iff$$

$$< 0 \iff$$

$$\sigma = (1, 0) \circ (0, 1)$$

$$\sigma = (2, 0) \circ (0, 2)$$

$$\sigma = (1, 1)$$

1 punto  
contato 2 volte

$\emptyset$

2 punti

Classificare affinementemente, al variare di  $\gamma \in \mathbb{R}$ , le coniche di eq.

$$x^2 + 2\gamma xy + 4y^2 + 20y - 10 = 0$$

$$|A| = 10(\gamma^2 - 14) = 0 \Leftrightarrow \gamma = \pm\sqrt{14}$$

deg. di rango = 2

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} -10 & 0 & 10 \\ 0 & 1 & \gamma \\ 10 & \gamma & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$M_a =$

rango  $\geq 2$

$$M_a^0 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \gamma \\ \gamma & 4 \end{pmatrix} \quad |M_a^0| = 4 - \gamma^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} & -2 < \gamma < 2 \\ & 0 \quad \gamma = \pm 2 \\ & \gamma < -2 \vee \gamma > 2 \end{aligned}$$

segni discordi  
sulla diag. prin.  
sempre  
INDEFINITA

$\gamma$	$ A $	Rango A	$A_0$	conica
$\gamma < -\sqrt{14}$	$\neq 0$	3	-	iperboli
$\gamma = -\sqrt{14}$	$= 0$	2	-	deg r=2
$-\sqrt{14} < \gamma < -2$	$\neq 0$	3	-	iperboli
$\gamma = -2$	$\neq 0$	3	0	parabola
$-2 < \gamma < 2$	$\neq 0$	3	+	ellissi reali
$\gamma = 2$	$\neq 0$	3	-	parabola
$2 < \gamma < \sqrt{14}$	$\neq 0$	3	-	iperboli
$\gamma = \sqrt{14}$	$= 0$	2	-	deg r=2
$\gamma > \sqrt{14}$	$\neq 0$	3	-	iperboli