

3-VARIETA'

• classificazione

TEORIA Nodi

(M^3, X_1)

←
RAPPRES.

→
INVARIANTI

$S^1 \hookrightarrow M^3$

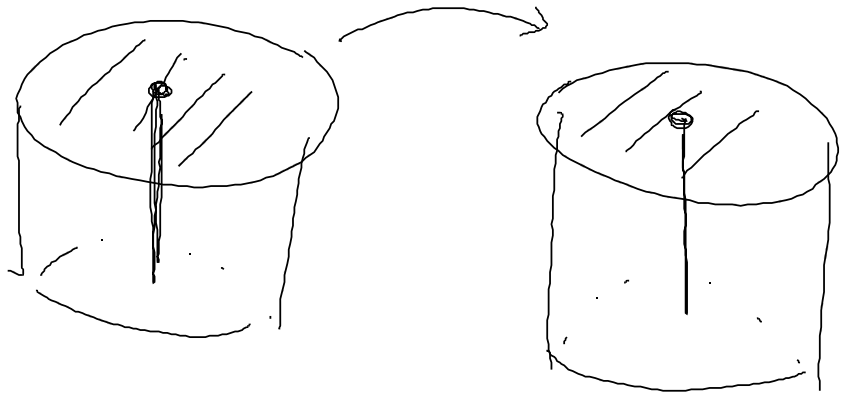


RIVESTIMENTI RAMIFICATI

$$\begin{array}{c} M^3 \\ \downarrow P \\ S^3 \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{c} P^{-1}(L) \\ \\ L \text{ link } L \text{ mod.} \end{array}$$

$z \longrightarrow z^n$

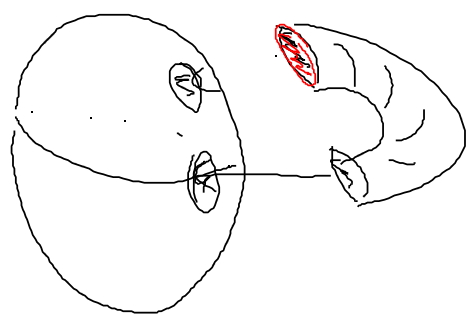
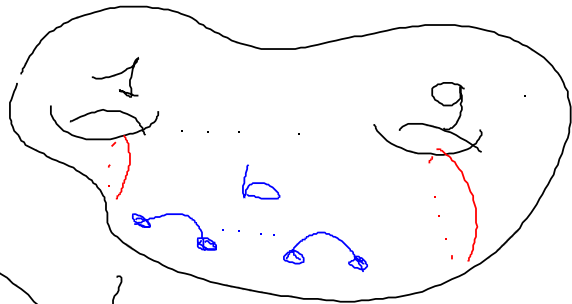
$n > 1$



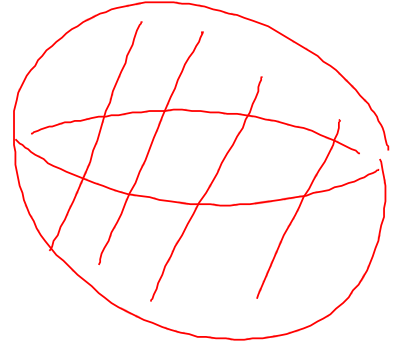
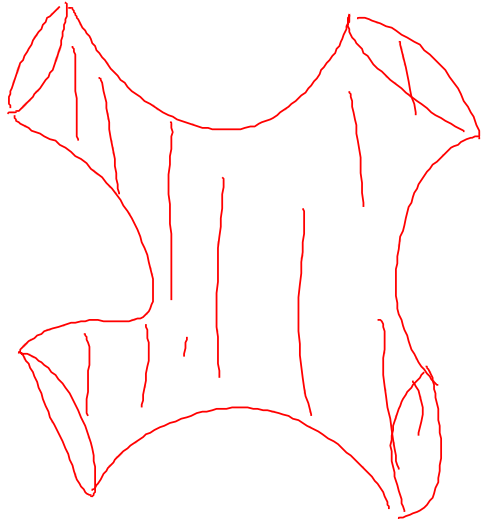
\mathbb{R}^3

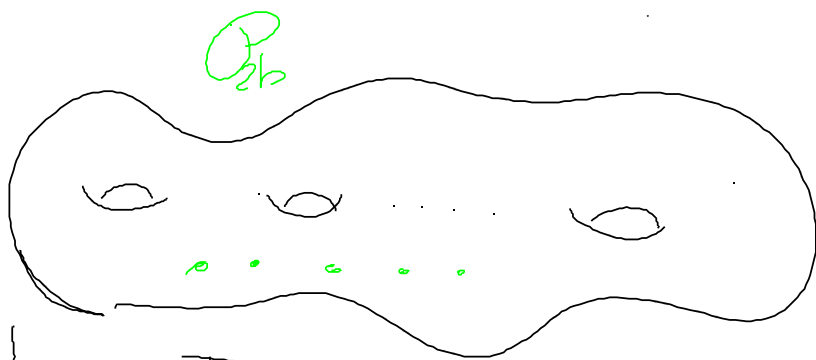
$\partial H'_g = S'_g$

$\partial H_g = S_g$



decomp. di Heegaard
di genere g





MAPPING
CLASS
= GROUP

$$\varphi: Tg \rightarrow \text{torus}$$

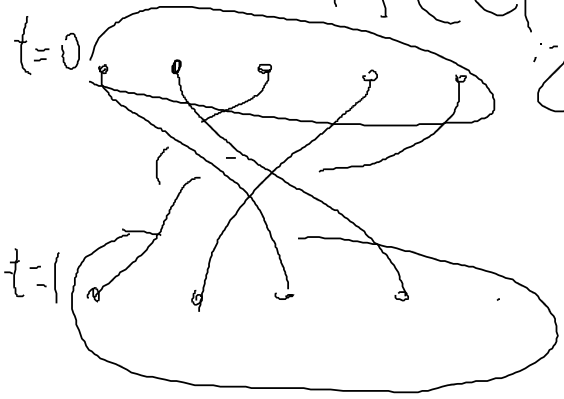
GRUPPO

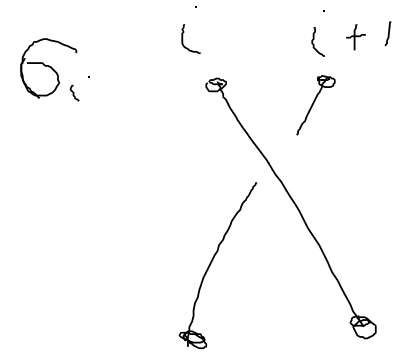
$$\varphi(O_{2b}) = O_{2b} / \text{ISOTOPIA}$$

$$g=0 \quad T_0 = S^2 \sim D^2$$

$$MCG(D^2) = B_{2g}$$

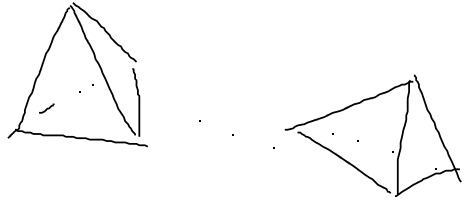
$$MCG_{2b}(T_g) \text{ (linear)}$$





$$B_n = \langle \sigma_1, \dots, \sigma_{n-1} \mid \begin{array}{l} \sigma_i^2 = 1 \\ \sigma_i \sigma_j = \sigma_j \sigma_i \quad |i-j| \geq 2 \\ \sigma_i \sigma_{i+1} \sigma_i = \sigma_{i+1} \sigma_i \sigma_{i+1} \end{array} \rangle$$

$B_n \xleftrightarrow{\quad} GL_n(A)$
omomorfismo
iniettivo
VERO $\forall n$



CATALOGHI

$$C = 1,$$

$C = 2$ # finito ob.
3 wneto.

$$\|C(M^3) =$$

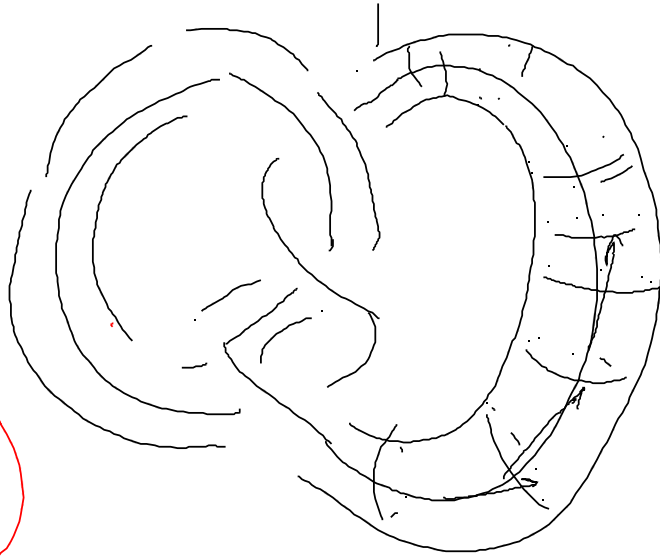
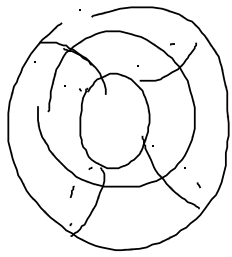
MINIMO

NUMERO DI

TETRAEDI

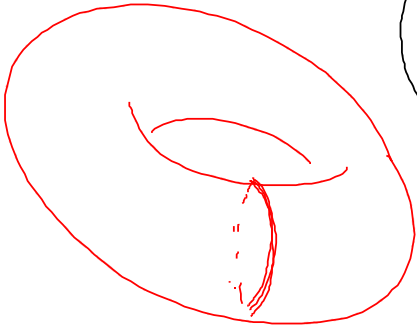
CHE SERVONO

PER COSTRUIRE M^3



$\frac{P}{9}$

$12=c$



$$\partial(S^1 \times D^3) = (\cancel{\partial S^1 \times D^3} \cup S^1 \times \partial D^3) = S^1 \times S^2$$

$$\partial(S^2 \times D^2) = (\cancel{\partial S^2 \times D^2} \cup (S^2 \times \partial D^2)) = S^2 \times S^1$$

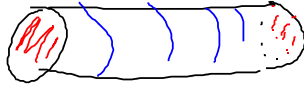
manijci solidi

$$h_g = D^g \times D^{n-g}$$

$$\partial h_g = (\partial D^g \times D^{n-g}) \cup (D^g \times \partial D^{n-g})$$

$$n=3$$

$$h_1 = D^1 \times D^2$$




$$\partial h_1 = \underline{(\partial D^1 \times D^2)} \cup \underline{(D^1 \times \partial D^2)}$$

altri manici

$$H_q = D^q \times S^{m-q} \quad m$$

$$\begin{aligned} \partial H_q &= (\partial D^q \times S^{m-q}) \cup (\cancel{D^q \times \partial S^{m-q}}) = \\ &= S^{q-1} \times S^{m-q} \end{aligned}$$

$$S^2 \quad \partial(D^2_{\mathbb{H}^2} \times S^0) = S^1 \times S^0$$


$$\partial(D^{H^1} \times S^1) = S^0 \times S^1$$

