

What is the Cost of Falling Asleep During the “Numerical Analysis and Scientific Computing” Class?



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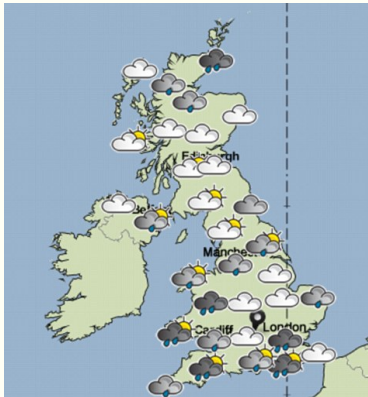


**Mathematics
Research
Students'
Conference**

24th September 2014

I'm not doing Numerical Analysis, why should I care?

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Weather forecasting models require some of the most powerful super-computers in the world.

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To build earthquake proof buildings the issue is to design structures that will not resonate with the induced frequencies, which involves nonlinear eigenvalue problem analysis.

On the left, *Torre Mayor* in Mexico City, Mexico, designed to withstand 8.5 on the Richter Scale.

In January 2003, people inside did not even feel a 7.6 earthquake!

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Eigenvalue analysis is also used to design car stereo systems so that the sound is good for the passengers and driver.

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Numerical linear algebra is essential for financial trading strategies and portfolio optimization.

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- The “Inventor of the World Wide Web” is Sir Timothy John Berners-Lee.
- The first website built was at CERN and was first put online on 6 August 1991.
- In September 2014 the number of one billion websites was exceeded.

Outline

- 1 Why did it go wrong
- 2 My computer can't do maths

Why did it go wrong

The Patriot missile failure

The official report:

“On February 25, 1991, a Patriot missile defense system operating at Dhahran, Saudi Arabia, during Operation Desert Storm failed to track and intercept an incoming Scud. This Scud subsequently hit an Army barracks, killing 28 Americans.”



Patriot: The details

- A detected object is tracked by computing the “range gate”.
 - ▶ This requires information on time.
- The computer had 24 bit fixed point registers.
- The system’s internal clock recorded time as the number of tenths of seconds elapsed since last restart.

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chopped at 24 bits, which produces an error of $\approx 9.5 \times 10^{-8}$ seconds.

Patriot: The details (continued)

- The computer had been up around 100 hours.
- The total error in time due to the small chopping error

$$9.5 \times 10^{-8} \times 100 \times 60 \times 60 \times 10 = 0.34 \text{ seconds.}$$

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The irony

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- The patch was delivered **the day after** the incident.

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- “Try turning the computer off and back on?”

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- after 10 years of development
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On its maiden voyage on June 4, 1996, Ariane 5 rocket produced by the European Space Agency

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and carrying communications satellites worth \$500 million exploded 37 seconds after launch.



Ariane 5: The details

- The guidance system's computer tried to convert one piece of data – the horizontal velocity of the rocket with respect to the platform – from a 64-bit floating point number to a 16-bit signed integer.
- The number was larger than 32 768, the largest integer storable in a 16 bit signed integer (*overflow*) and thus the conversion failed.

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Ariane 5: The details

- The guidance system's computer tried to convert one piece of data – **the horizontal velocity of the rocket with respect to the platform** – from a 64-bit floating point number to a 16-bit signed integer.
- The number was larger than 2^{16} , the largest integer storable in a 16 bit signed integer (*overflow*) and thus the conversion failed.
- This issued a diagnostic error message that the on-board computer interpreted as the need to abruptly adjust course, which lead to automatic self-destruct.

The irony

The variable is not needed after take off – this piece of code should have been turned off.

Also, those expensive satellites? They were uninsured.

The Sleipner A platform

- The platform produces oil and gas in the North Sea.
- It is supported on the seabed at a water depth of 82 m.
- The base structure consisting of 24 cells, four are elongated to shafts supporting the platform.

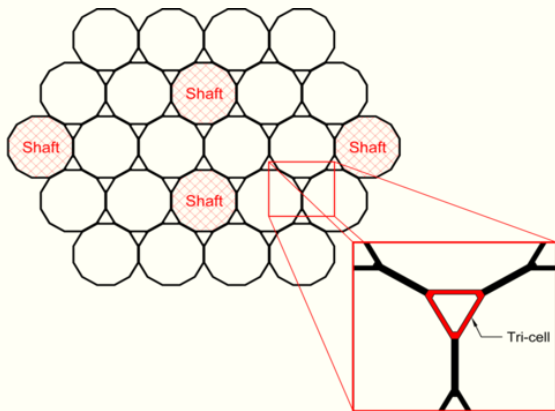


The Sleipner A platform (continued)

- The first concrete base structure for Sleipner A sprang a leak and sank outside Stavanger, Norway on 23 August 1991.
- The crash caused an earthquake registering 3.0 on the Richter scale.
- The failure involved a total economic loss of about **\$700 million**.

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- The cell wall failure was traced to the **inaccurate finite element approximation** of the linear elastic model of the tri-cell.
- The shear stresses were underestimated by 47%, leading to insufficient design.

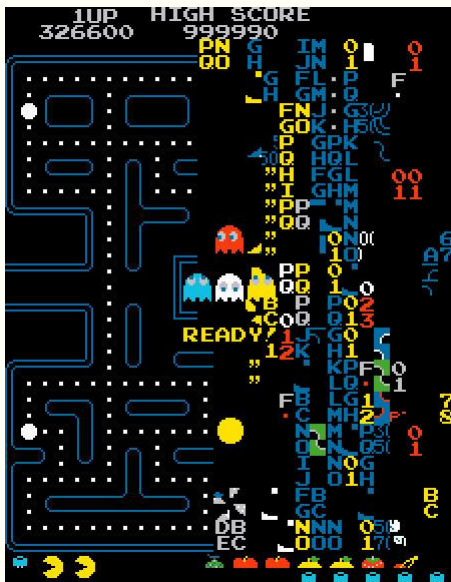
Before *World of Warcraft*, there was. . .

Before *World of Warcraft*, there was... Pac-Man!



- The game was designed to have no ending, but a bug keeps this from happening.

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- The game was designed to have no ending, but a bug keeps this from happening.
- On level **256**, the right half of the screen gets corrupted making it impossible to eat enough dots to beat the level.

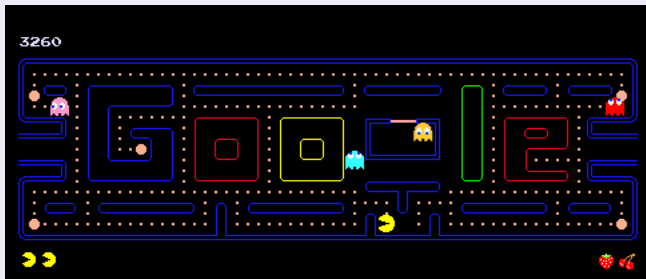
Pac-Man: The details

- Normally, no more than seven fruit are displayed.
- Internal level counter is stored in a single byte (8 bits).
- Once it reaches 255 (maximum representable value), the subroutine that draws the fruit causes *overflow* and tries to draw 256 fruit instead of the usual seven, resulting in a corrupted screen and game over.

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Google Doodle, 30th anniversary of release (2010)



My computer can't do maths

Factorials

For a nonnegative integer n , $n! := 1 \times 2 \times 3 \times \cdots \times n$.



$$5! = 120$$

$$10! = 3628800$$

$$15! = 1307674368000$$

$$20! = 2432902008176640000$$

$$21! = -4249290049419214848$$

$$23! = 8128291617894825984$$

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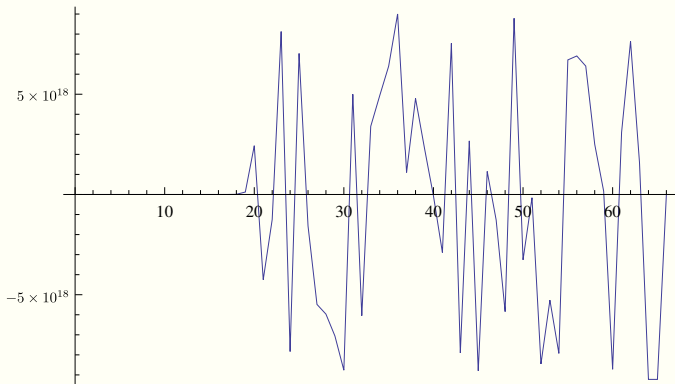
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It's Ariane 5 and Pac-Man all over again!

Factorials (continued)

$1! = 1$
 $2! = 2$
 $3! = 6$
 $4! = 24$
 $5! = 120$
 $6! = 720$
 $7! = 5040$
 $8! = 40320$
 $9! = 362880$
 $10! = 3628800$
 $11! = 39916800$
 $12! = 479001600$
 $13! = 6227020800$
 $14! = 87178291200$
 $15! = 1307674368000$
 $16! = 20922789888000$
 $17! = 355687428096000$
 $18! = 6402373705728000$
 $19! = 121645100408832000$
 $20! = 2432902008176640000$
 $21! = -4249290049419214848$
 $22! = -1250660718674968576$
 $23! = 8128291617894825984$
 $24! = -7835185981329244160$
 $25! = 7034535277573963776$
:
 $62! = 7638104968020361216$
 $63! = 1585267068834414592$
 $64! = -9223372036854775808$
 $65! = -9223372036854775808$
 $66! = 0$



$$\frac{1 + \exp(-100) - 1}{1 + \exp(-100) - 1} =$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{\cos(100\pi + \pi/4)} \right)^2 =$$

$$\log(\exp(3000)) / 1000 =$$

$$\left(\left(\dots \left(\sqrt{\sqrt{\dots \sqrt{4}}} \right)^2 \dots \right)^2 \right)^2 =$$

$$\frac{1 + \exp(-100) - 1}{1 + \exp(-100) - 1} = \text{NaN}$$

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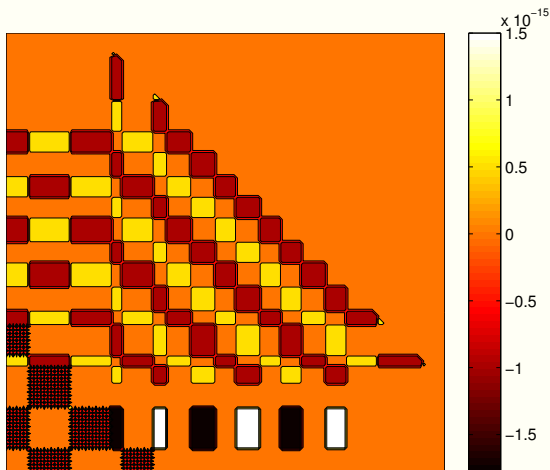
$$\left(\left(\dots \left(\sqrt{\sqrt{\dots \sqrt{4}}} \right)^2 \dots \right)^2 \right)^2 = 1$$

The zero phenomenon

```
[B,C] = meshgrid(linspace(-10,0,128));  
G = - B - C + B + C;  
contourf(B,C,G);
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Does tiny stay tiny?

System I.

$$2x + 6y = 8$$

$$2x + 6.0001y = 8.0001$$

Solution: $x = 1$, $y = 1$.

System II.

$$2x + 6y = 8$$

$$2x + 5.99999y = 8.00002$$

Does tiny stay tiny? Not always!

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$$2x + 6y = 8$$

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Solution: $x = 10, y = -2$.

- In the 1940s, very pessimistic predictions about the effectiveness of computers for systems of equations.
- Alan Turing and James Wilkinson were the first to understand the correct way to analyze the effects of inexact computer arithmetic (*backward error analysis*) and the solid foundations of NA and NLA of today were set.

Finally, what do Numerical Analysts do?

Design methods that compute **approximate solutions** to the problems we are **not able to solve exactly or fast enough** and analyse the resulting **errors**.

Numerical Analysts make computers solve real-world problems.



"OMG, it works!"

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PS. NEVER BLINDLY ASSUME THAT THE COMPUTER IS CORRECT.

References

- The Patriot Missile Failure: [link](#) [link](#)
- Ariane 5: [link](#) [link](#)
- Sleipner A platform: [link](#)
- Pac-Man: [link](#)

[1] Nicholas J. Higham. Accuracy and Stability of Numerical Algorithms. Second edition, Society for Industrial and Applied Mathematics, Philadelphia, PA, USA, 2002.