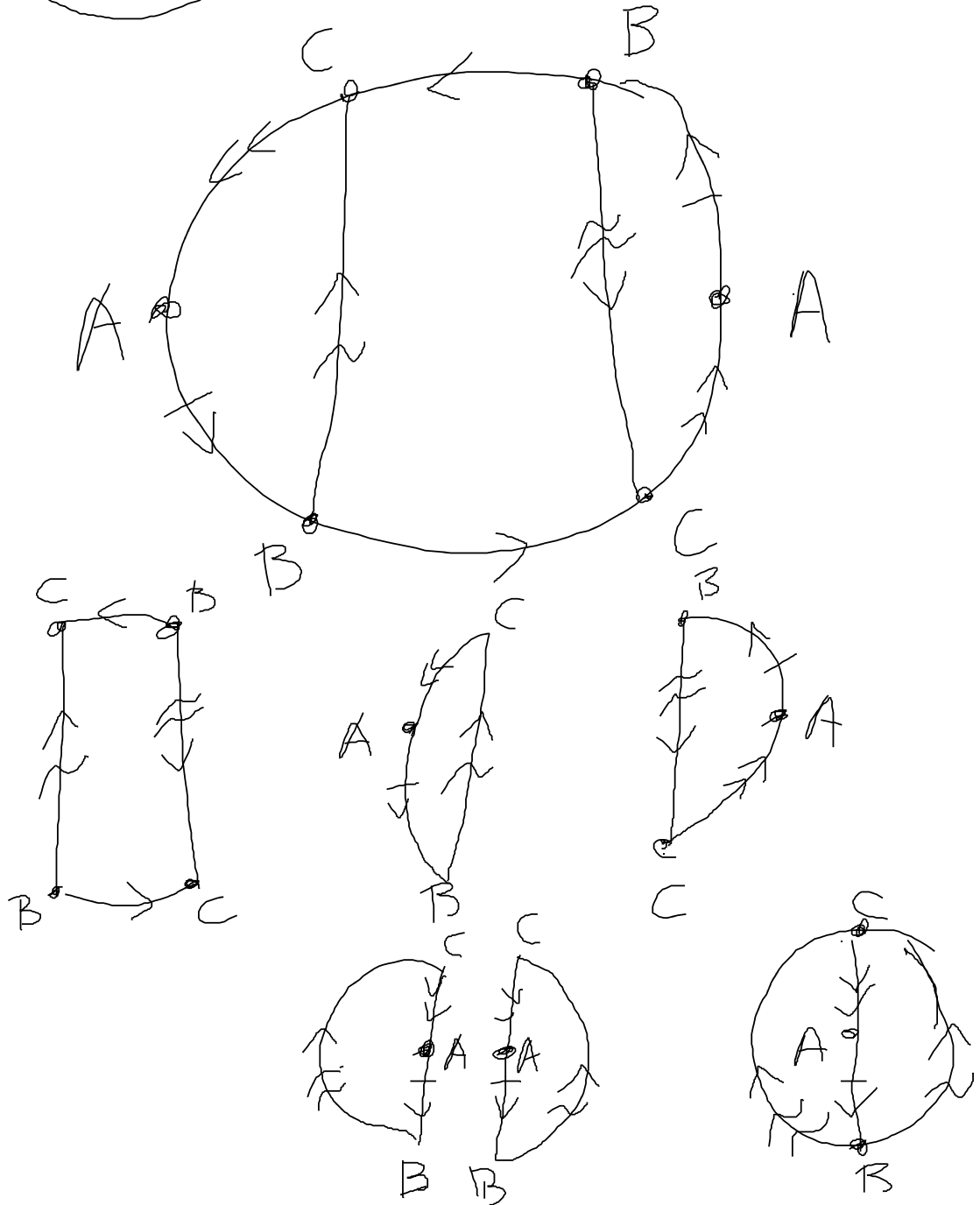
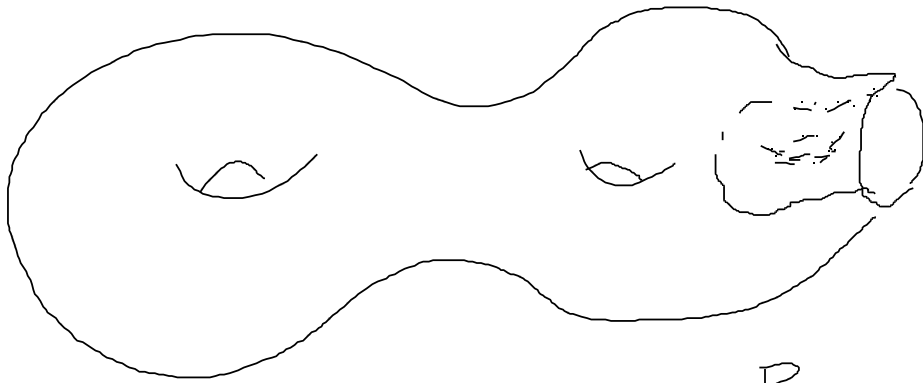
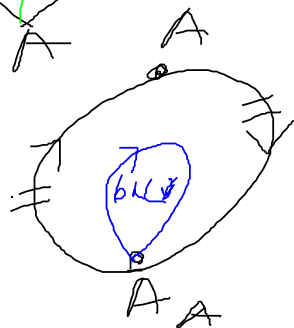
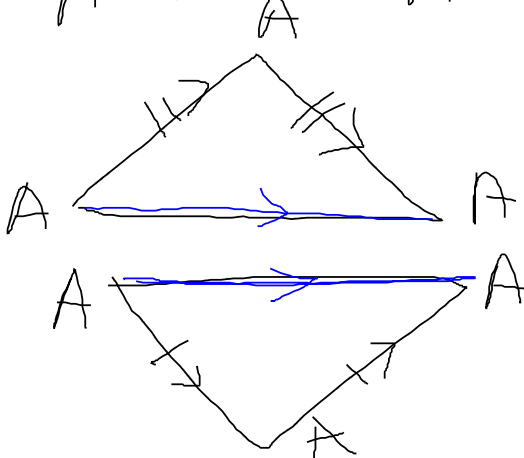
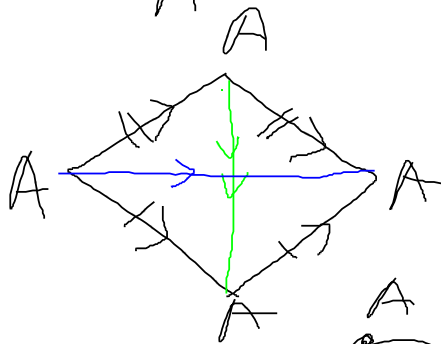
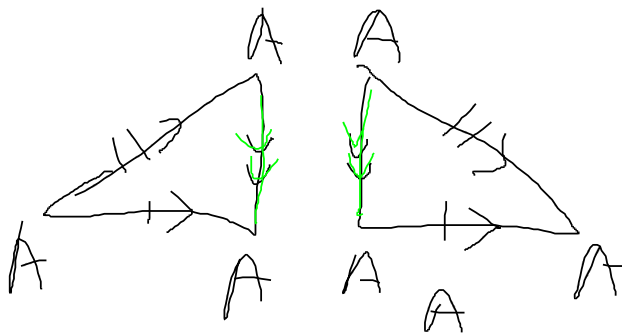
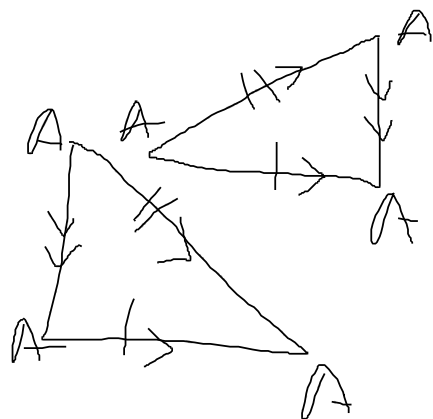
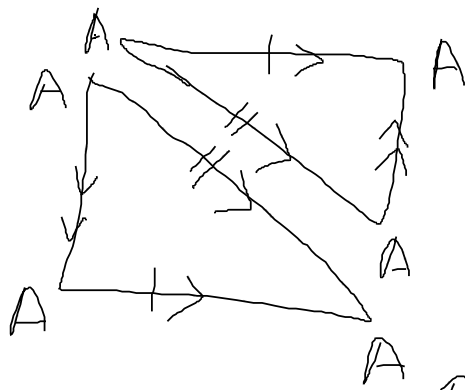
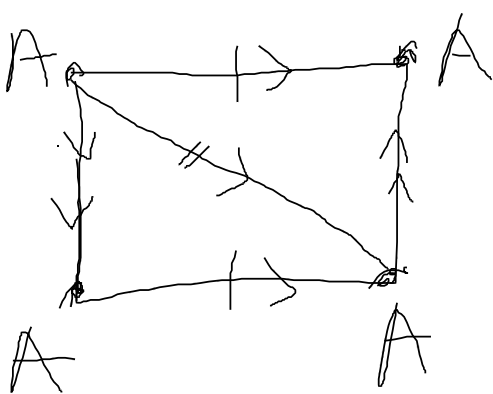
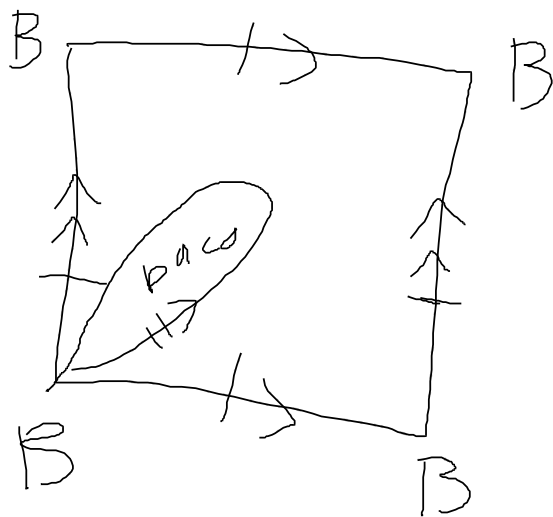
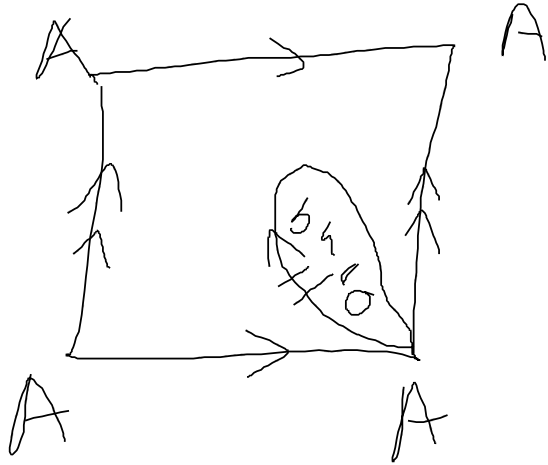


$$\pi_1(S^1, x_0) \cong \pi_1(D^2, x_0) \neq \pi_1(D^2, x_0) \quad (\pi_1(S^1, x_0), \lambda\#, \mu\#)$$

$$S^1 \xrightarrow{\iota} D^2 \quad \text{in}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \pi_1(S^1, x_0) & \xrightarrow{\iota\#} & \pi_1(D^2, x_0) \\ \cong \mathbb{Z} & & \cong 0 \end{array}$$





Nodo: (S^3, K) $K \cong S^1$
 (S^3, K_1) equivalente a (S^3, K_2)
 $\stackrel{\text{def}}{\implies} \exists$ omeo $f: S^3 \rightarrow S^3$ t.c.
 $f(K_1) = K_2$

Concatenazione:
 $(S^3, K) \quad K \cong \bigsqcup_{i=1}^h S^1$
 equivalenza: idem

(S^3, K_1) equiv? (S^3, K_2)

$\hat{=} \text{ nodo}$
 $S^3 - K_1 \cong ? S^3 - K_2$

\Downarrow
 $\pi_1(S^3 - K_1, x_0) \cong ? \pi_1(S^3 - K_2, x_0)$

\Downarrow

$$\text{pol. d. Alexander}(K_1) \stackrel{?}{=} \text{pol. d. Alex.}(K_2)$$